Does the left posterior fusiform gyrus play a critical role in fruit and vegetables categorization? Evidence from 19 semantic dementia patients

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Does the left posterior fusiform gyrus play a critical role in fruit and vegetables categorization? Evidence from 19…
Does the left posterior fusiform gyrus play a critical role in fruit and vegetable categorization?
Evidence from 19 semantic dementia patients

Catherine Merck a, b, Isabelle Corouge c, Pierre-Yves Jonin a, Béatrice Desgranges b, Jean-Yves Gauvrit c, f, & Serge Belliard a, b

Introduction
In our previous study [1], we reported a relative preservation of fruit and vegetables knowledge in a large cohort of 35 semantic dementia (SD) patients. This category effect was observed on a semantic sorting task, compared with three other categories: animals, tools and kitchenware.

Why fruit and vegetables seem to better resist to the massive semantic disruption that occurs in SD?
1. This relative preservation of fruit and vegetables might be considered with regard to the importance of color knowledge in their discrimination [2] [3].
2. Color knowledge retrieval is known to depend on the left posterior fusiform gyrus [4] [5], that is relatively spared in SD [6] [7].

Methods

Population
- 19 SD patients:
  - performing the semantic sorting task
  - undergoing an MRI scan (anatomical 3D-T1w 1x1x1 mm3) within a period of 3 months
- 12 controls:
  - performing the semantic sorting task

Semantic sorting task: stimuli and procedure
- 64 stimuli
- Selected from the “Imagier du Père Castor” playing cards
- Divided into 4 categories
- Presented first as words, then as pictures
- Sorted at both superordinate and subordinate levels (see labels in Table)

Anatomical MRI: processing
1/ Pre-processing using Matlab/SPM8
2/ Spatial normalization into the MNI space, with modulation
3/ ROIs analysis: computation of c1 volumes in the two sides of temporal lobes, for:
   - FG1 and FG2
   - 5 others areas from the AAL template [10]: Superior, middle and inferior temporal gyri, middle and superior temporal sulcus, fusiform gyrus minus (FG1 + FG2)
4/ Correction of the ROIs volumes by the intra cerebral volume (c1+c2+c3)

Discussion

- We reported a specific relationship between the volume of a subregion within the left posterior fusiform gyrus and sorting performance for fruit & vegetables in SD. This area was proved to be a core region underlying the ability to identify fruit and vegetables.
- Recent studies [7] [11] pointed out the major contribution of fusiform gyrus to semantic performances in SD. Our results revealed that the left FG1 is more involved in semantic processing when concepts depend upon color knowledge. We further bring evidence for a functional specialization along the longitudinal axis of the fusiform gyrus that depends on the nature of concepts.

Results

Sorting task performances : a category-specific effect
On all categories, SD patients < controls (p < 0.01 *)
Within the SD group:
- ANOVA F(3,54) = 7.712; p < 0.001
- Planned comparisons (t-tests):
  - Fruits and vegetables vs. animals: p = 0.012 (NS)
  - tools: p < 0.001
  - kitchenware: p = 0.009
- Two cytoarchitectonic visual areas on the human posterior fusiform gyrus: FG1 & FG2 (Caspers et al 2013 [8])
(see also [9] for the SPM Anatomy Toolbox)

Link between the fruit and vegetables score and the left FG1 volume
Correlations between Fruit & Vegetables (FV) scores and the volumes of two areas in the left posterior fusiform gyrus (left FG1 & left FG2)

Linear regression analysis
For each ROI, the c1 volume was predicted using: (a) sociodemographic features (age, sex, years of education), (b) total c1 volume, (c) MRI models, and (d) sorting scores for: FV, Animals, Tools and Kitchenware categories
- Only FV score predicted the left FG1 volume: R² = 0.302; t = 2.711, p<0.015
- None of the other categories-scores was a predictor of the left FG1 volume
- FV score was not associated with any other ROIs volumes

References