Does the left posterior fusiform gyrus play a critical role in fruit and vegetables categorization? Evidence from 19 semantic dementia patients

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Does the left posterior fusiform gyrus play a critical role in fruit and vegetables categorization? ⚡Evidence from 19...
Introduction
In our previous study [1], we reported a relative preservation of fruit and vegetables knowledge in a large cohort of 35 semantic dementia (SD) patients. This category effect was observed on a semantic sorting task, compared with three other categories: animals, tools and kitchenware.

Why fruit and vegetables seem to better resist to the massive semantic disruption that occurs in SD?
1. This relative preservation of fruit and vegetables might be considered with regard to the importance of color knowledge in their discrimination [2, 3].
2. Color knowledge retrieval is known to depend on the left posterior fusiform gyrus [4–5], that is relatively spared in SD [6, 7].

Methods
Population
- 19 SD patients:
  - performing the semantic sorting task
  - undergoing an MRI scan (anatomical 3D-T1w 1x1x1 mm3) within a period of 3 months
- 12 controls:
  - performing the semantic sorting task

Semantic sorting task: stimuli and procedure
- 64 stimuli
  - Selected from the “Imagier du Pere Castor” playing cards
  - Divided into 4 categories
  - Presented first as words, then as pictures
  - Sorted at both superordinate and subordinate levels (see labels in Table)

Anatomical data (MRI): processing
1/ Pre-processing using Matlab/SPM8
2/ Spatial normalisation into the MNI space, with modulation
3/ ROIs analysis: computation of c1 volumes in the two sides of temporal lobes, for:
  - FG1 and FG2
  - 5 others areas from the AAL template [10]: Superior, middle and inferior temporal gyr, middle pole, fusiform gyri minus (FG1 + FG2)
4/ Correction of the ROIs volumes by the intra cerebral volume (c1+c2+c3)

Discussion
We reported a specific relationship between the volume of a subregion within the left posterior fusiform gyrus and sorting performance for fruit & vegetables in SD. This area was proved to be a core region underlying the ability to identify fruit and vegetables.

References