# A GeVaDSs tutorial

# A simulated example of GeVaDSs use:

# > testing the potential of a newly isolated virus as a new vaccine platform

<u>Compuvac warning</u>: This end-user demonstration is provided as a tutorial for GeVaDSs main features. All data used in this example are available in GeVaDSs for demonstration purpose. Although based on actual experimental data produced during the course of the Compuvac project, all characters and facts in this story are purely factitious. Any resemblance with existing characters or facts would be a coincidence...



#### A simulated example of GeVaDSs use (1)

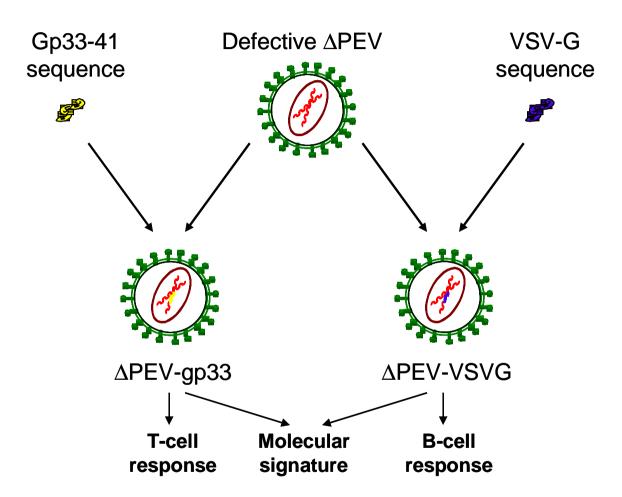
- Paul, a leading expert in virology, sums up his recent discovery of PEV:
  - PEV (Pig Encephalitis Virus) was isolated during an epidemic outbreak of encephalitis in pigs in South-East Asia.
  - +ss RNA replication in the cytoplasm (no integration in host genome).
  - PEV can infect human as well as non-human primate and rodent cells, in particular dendritic cells.
  - It can be engineered as non-replicating particles.
  - PEV can accommodate 5kb foreign genes.
- Paul wonders about the potential of PEV as a new vaccine vector :
  - $\rightarrow$  How to evaluate the potential of this vaccine platform candidate?
  - → How does it compare to other available vector platforms?
  - → What antigen to choose and what immune parameters to follow?
  - $\rightarrow$  Is there a standardized protocol to evaluate new vectors?



### A simulated example of GeVaDSs use (2)

- Paul searches for "genetic vaccine standardization" and reads about the CompuVac's strategy and GeVaDSs database interface.
- Paul contacts CompuVac's coordinator and receives a login to GeVaDSs
- After browsing GeVaDSs user manual and retrieving Compuvac SOPs, Paul decides to proceed and follow CompuVac's vector testing procedure:
  - 1. Appropriate vector constructs are produced including standard T-cell (LCMV p33-41) and B-cell (VSV-G protein) antigens.
  - 2. The three vector constructs (PEVdelta, PEVdelta-gp33, PEVdelta-VSVG) are added to GeVaDSs vector database.
  - 3. Mice are immunized with vector constructs according to fully documented and standardized immunization protocols. Considering the natural mucosal infection route of PEV, Paul decides to immunize mice intranasally (IN) with 10<sup>8</sup> virus particles.
  - 4. The immunization protocols are added to GeVaDSs.
  - 5. Experimental vaccines are evaluated against controls (naïve animals) and CompuVac reference vector (internal standard).
  - 6. T-cell & B-cell data as well as molecular signature data can be collected and automatically entered in GeVaDSs database (see Exp. E140, E141, E225, E142, E227). Experimental groups are linked to the corresponding immunization protocols.
  - 7. Experiment reports can be generated for vector performance evaluation.

#### A simulated example of GeVaDSs use (3)



CompuVac's vector construction strategy

### A simulated example of GeVaDSs use (4)

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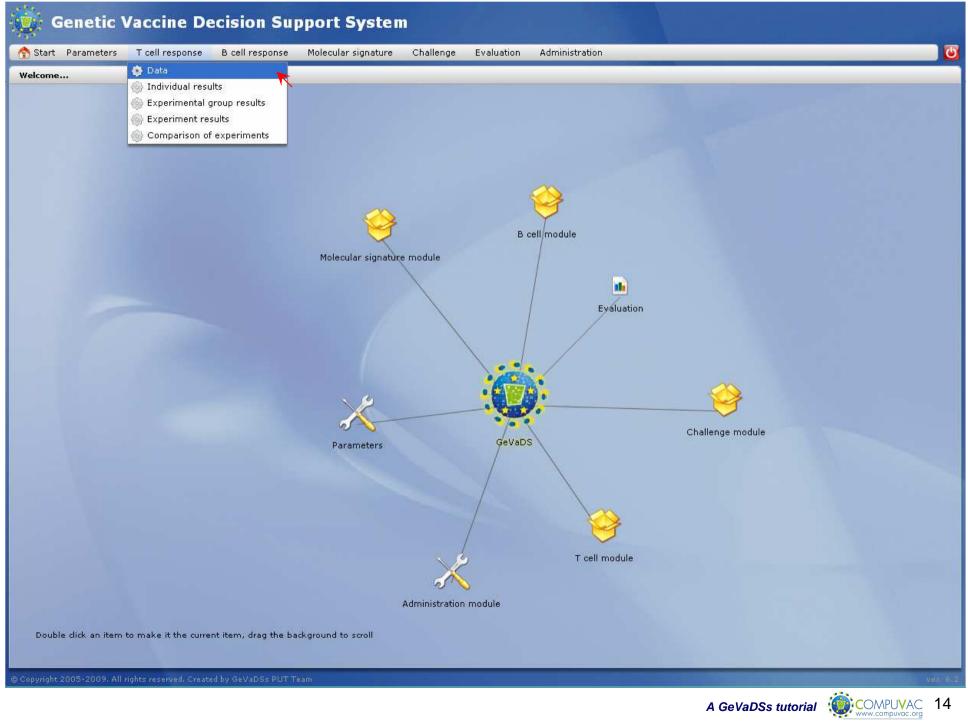
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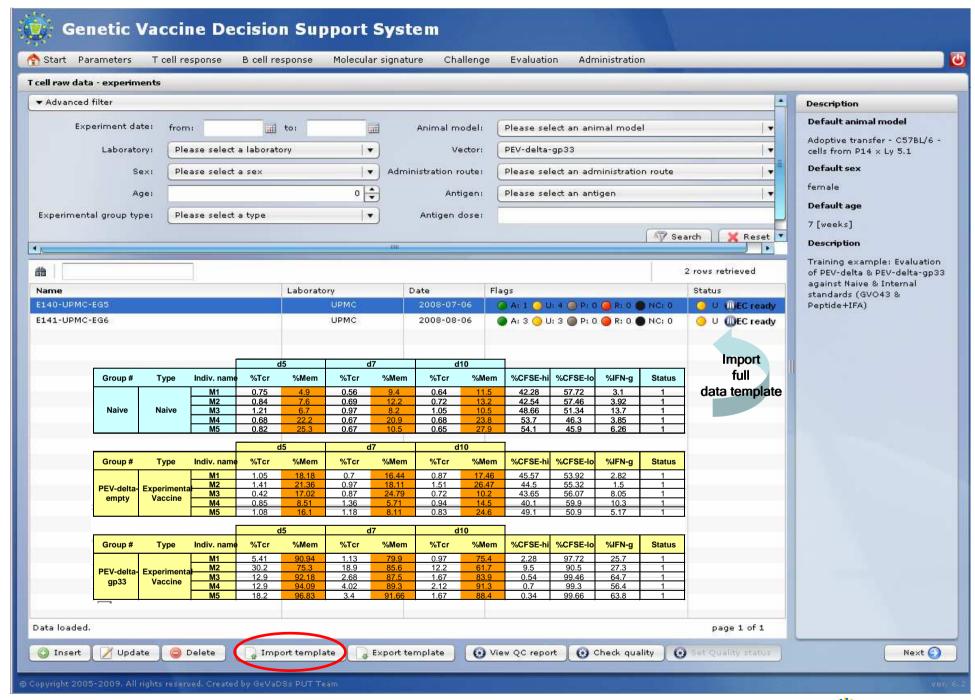
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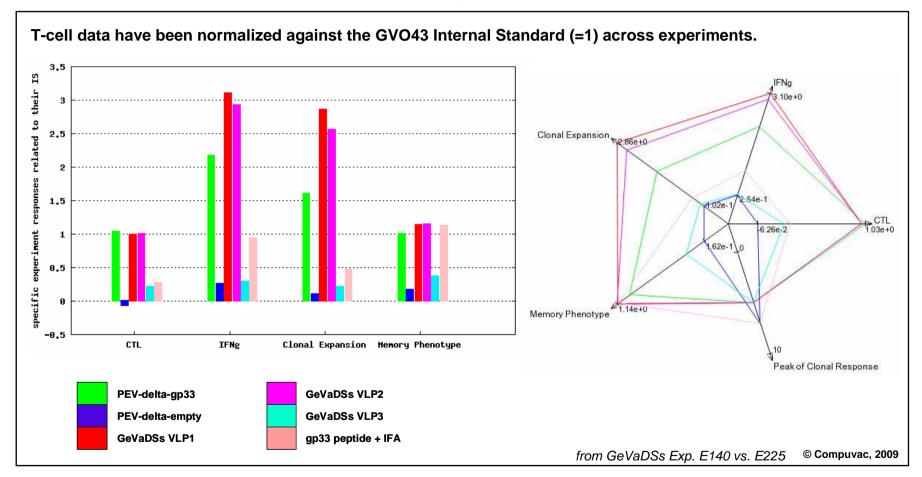
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## A simulated example of GeVaDSs use (10)

• Standardized comparison of  $\triangle$ PEV-gp33 with other GeVaDSs vaccines:



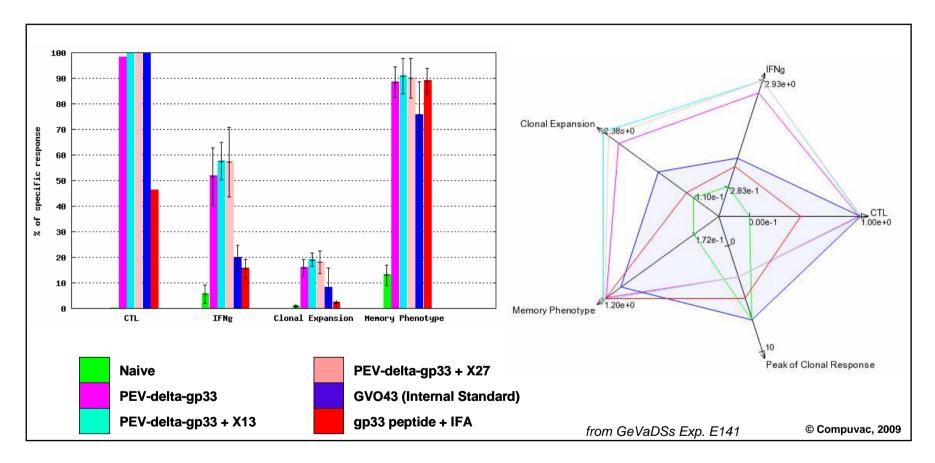
→∆PEV-gp33 performance is in-between that of the GVO43 internal positive control and GeVaDSs' validated "best" T-cell vaccines.

#### A simulated example of GeVaDSs use (11)

- Paul goes on to check for PEV's capacity to produce antibodies
- GeVaDSs B-cell experiment → no significant neutralizing Ab produced against the VSV-G model antigen (see Exp. E142)
- Paul then tests PEV-induced Ab production in the presence of adjuvants.
- Two experimental adjuvants (X13 & X27) are tested, with the following questions:
  - Is T-cell response against PEV-gp33 altered?
  - Can Ab produced by B-cell response neutralize PEV-VSVG ?
  - What impact do adjuvants have on "toxicity" signatures of dendritic cells?

## A simulated example of GeVaDSs use (12)

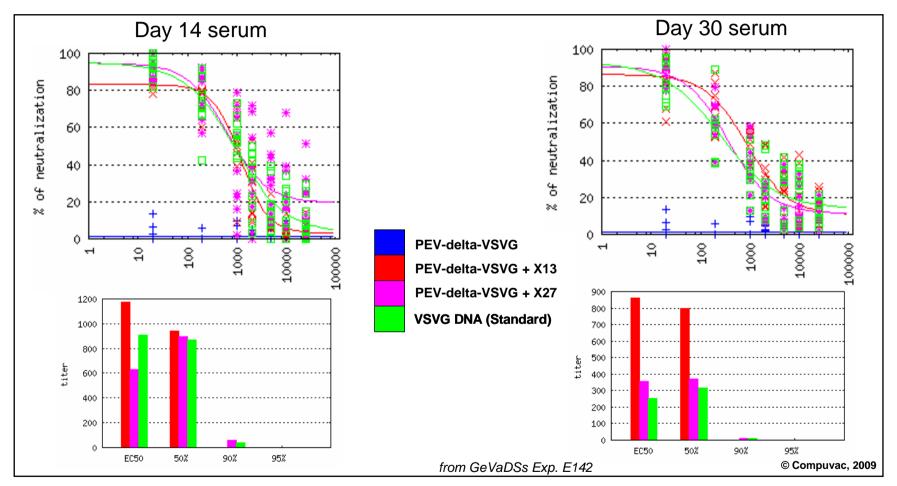




 $\rightarrow \Delta PEV$ -gp33 performs similarly in the presence of X13/X27 adjuvants.

A GeVaDSs tutorial

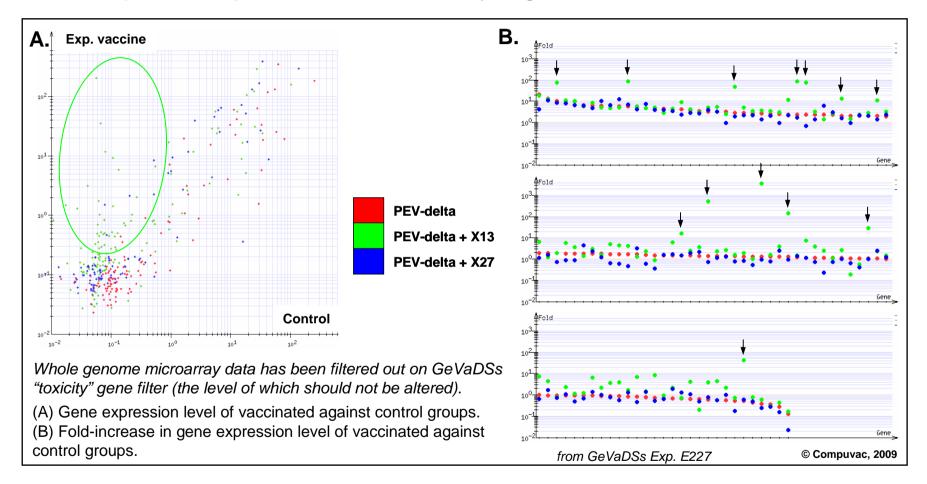
Can Ab produced by B-cell response neutralize PEV-VSVG ?



 $\rightarrow \Delta PEV$ -VSVG with X13/X27 adjuvants elicits anti-VSVG neutralizing antibodies.  $\rightarrow X13$  adjuvant is more potent that X27.

#### A simulated example of GeVaDSs use (14)

• What impact do adjuvants have on "toxicity" signatures of dendritic cells?



→X13 adjuvant significantly alters the toxicity profile of dendritic cells compared to PEV alone or with X27. X13 should preferably not be used.

#### A simulated example of GeVaDSs use (15)

• After a limited number of experiments, Paul can conclude on the overall potential of PEV as a new vector platform:

Vector combination	T-cell response	B-cell response	Molecular signature
$\Delta PEV$ alone	++	-	ОК
∆PEV + X13 adjuvant	++	++	Potential safety issues
∆PEV + X27 adjuvant	++	+	OK

→ PEV is a good vaccine vector platform candidate, as revealed by GeVaDSs standardized evaluation strategy