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► **To cite this version:**

Sonja Sucic, Ali El-Kasaby, Subhodeep Sarker, Harald Sitte, Philippe Marin, et al.. Concentrative ER export of the serotonin transporter relies exclusively on an interaction with Sec24C. 16th Scientific Symposium of the Austrian Pharmacological Society (APHAR), Nov 2010, Vienne, Austria. BioMed Central, 10 (Suppl 1), pp.A11, 2010, BMC Pharmacology. <10.1186/1471-2210-10-S1-A11>. <inserm-00668429>

HAL Id: inserm-00668429

<http://www.hal.inserm.fr/inserm-00668429>

Submitted on 9 Feb 2012

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MEETING ABSTRACT

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Concentrative ER export of the serotonin transporter relies exclusively on an interaction with Sec24C

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From 16th Scientific Symposium of the Austrian Pharmacological Society (APHAR)
Vienna, Austria. 25-27 November 2010

Background

The transporters for serotonin (SERT), dopamine (DAT) and noradrenaline (NET) form the monoamine neurotransmitter transporter family. They are primarily responsible for the termination of neurotransmission via rapid reuptake of neurotransmitters from the synaptic cleft. We have previously shown that the C-terminus of SERT plays a key role in trafficking and folding of the transporter. Mutations in this region of the protein (specifically at sites PG⁶⁰¹⁻⁶⁰² and RI⁶⁰⁷⁻⁶⁰⁸) cause intracellular retention of SERT, hence abolishing substrate uptake and reducing inhibitor binding. In the current study, we explored isoform-specific interaction of COPII component Sec24 proteins with monoamine transporters, to study the mechanistic nature of their ER export.

Methods

Our initial studies involving mass spectrometry revealed that SERT directly interacts with Sec24C. To confirm these data, we subsequently used the siRNA approach to individually knock down the four mammalian Sec24 isoforms A, B, C or D in immortalised cervical cancer cells (HeLa). Forty-eight hours subsequent to siRNA transfections, the cells were transfected with YFP-tagged transporter plasmids and substrate uptake assays were performed after an additional 24h.

Results

While gene silencing of Sec24A, B or D led to no changes in SERT function, that of Sec24C alone dramatically impaired serotonin uptake. It is therefore evident

that SERT requires specifically Sec24C for its export from the ER and reaching its site of action at the cell membrane. Our further data verify residues RI⁶⁰⁷⁻⁶⁰⁸ as the ER export motif on SERT C-terminus, which mediates the interaction with Sec24C and in turn the formation of COPII vesicles. Surprisingly, the related transporters, DAT and NET, require Sec24D for their ER export, which is consistent with reports in the literature regarding other NSS transporters (e.g. GAT-1 and GLYT).

Conclusions

ER export and trafficking of SERT occurs in a unique manner, judged by its exclusive interaction with Sec24C, and is different to other NSS transporters.

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Published: 16 November 2010

doi:10.1186/1471-2210-10-S1-A11

Cite this article as: Sucic et al.: Concentrative ER export of the serotonin transporter relies exclusively on an interaction with Sec24C. *BMC Pharmacology* 2010 **10**(Suppl 1):A11.

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